

Evaluation of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test

REF. B66000

Analytical/diagnostic specificity

Diagnostic sensitivity

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Dem Leben zuliebe.

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1 Purpose of the Study

The objective of this performance study is to establish the sensitivity and specificity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test (REF: B66000) in order to meet the "Minimum criteria for SARS-CoV-2 antigen tests in the sense of §1 Abs. 1 Satz 1 TestVO: Antigen rapid tests" of the Paul-Ehrlich-Institut (PEI) dated 15.01.2021.

2 Sponsor – investigation – study coordination

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3 Scope

3.1 Objectives

The objective of this performance study is to establish the diagnostic sensitivity and diagnostic and analytical specificity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test (REF: B66000) in order to meet the "Minimum criteria for Rapid SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Tests Pursuant to Section 1 para 1 Sentence 1 TestVO (Statutory Test Regulation): Rapid Antigen Tests" of the Paul-Ehrlich-Institut (PEI) dated 04.12.2020.

3.2 Study Design Type

This retrospective study on frozen dry swab samples from COVID-19 infected and healthy donors is an observational study which aims to establish the analytical/diagnostic specificity and sensitivity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test (REF: B66000).

The swabs for the positive samples have been collected during the infectious phase of COVID-19 infected patients, the swabs of the negative samples have been collected from healthy donors. All swabs were collected either from anterior nasal cavity or throat.

After collection all swabs (dry swabs) have been immediately stored at $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$.

As reference method all samples were tested with a RT-PCR system.

3.3 Current state of the art

The assays clinical performance is considered acceptable if the following requirements are met:

Diagnostic sensitivity:

Method: Parallel examination of diagnostic PCR tests and antigen tests in at least 100 persons with COVID-19 symptoms within seven days after onset of symptoms

Criterion: $>80\%$ of at least 100 unselected PCR-positive samples, positive in the SARS-CoV-2-rapid antigen test

Diagnostic specificity:

Method: Examinations of at least 100 asymptomatic persons without a concrete risk of exposure in the rapid SARS-CoV2 antigen test; clarification of any reactive samples by means of PCR.

Criterion: Specificity $> 97\%$

3.4 Reference Test

An analysis should be performed of the correlation between the antigen -positive/PCR-positive and the antigen-negative/PCR-negative samples with the Ct-values of the PCR. The detection rate of the antigen test (e.g. detection rate $>90\%$) should be observed in relation to the Ct-value. However, it should be noted that the Ct-values vary between PCR tests in the case of a given concentration of the target RNA.

3.5 Expected Risk & benefits

There is no risk attributed to the patient since the evaluation is done retrospectively on frozen samples. The results obtained in this study will not be used for patient care decisions.

The risks related to the user have been reduced as far as possible by providing detailed instructions for use with the kits, including warning and precautions for the users and known limitations of the device. Furthermore, the study will be performed by professionals who are qualified and trained for conducting the clinical performance study.

4 Description Device

4.1 Identification

NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test

4.2 Manufacturer if different from the sponsor

Not applicable.

4.3 Intended purpose

This rapid test kit is intended for the qualitative detection of SARS-CoV-2 infection from patients. It is for professional use only. It is an aid in the diagnosis of the patients with suspected SARS-CoV-2 infection in conjunction with clinical presentation and results of other laboratory tests. Results from this test kit should not be used as the sole basis for diagnosis.

The test provides preliminary test results. Negative results do not preclude SARS-CoV-2 infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or other management decision.

4.4 Analyte or marker

SARS-CoV-2 antigen.

4.5 Technical and Functional Features

This kit is an immunochromatography assay. According to the gold immunochromatographic test principle, double antibody sandwich method was used to detect SARS-CoV-2 antigen in the samples. When there is virus antigen presence in the sample, the antigen binds with the corresponding colloidal gold monoclonal antibody and the coated monoclonal antibody at the detection line to form a compound and then condenses into a red band, indicating a positive result.

If there is no antigen in the sample, complex cannot be formed at the detection line, and no red band is shown, indicating negative result.

Whether the sample contains antigen or not, the gold monoclonal antibody will bind to the enveloped antibody at the quality control line, form a compound and condense into a red band.

5 Study Design

5.1 Materials Supplied by the manufacturer.

5.1.1 Test Kits and Instructions for Use

Sufficient kits of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test together with the Instructions for Use will be supplied free of charge to carry out the entire evaluation.

5.1.2 Instrument

Not applicable.

5.2 Materials Supplied by the Investigator

5.2.1 Standard laboratory reagents and disposables.

These are supplied by the Investigator and must meet the specifications required to correctly carry out the test procedure.

NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test used:

Lot number: 20201129

Expiry date: 2021-11-28

5.2.2 Equipment/Instrumentation

Nucleic acid extraction will be performed with the R-Biopharm RIDA Xtract (REF: PGZ001) and analyzed with the R-Biopharm RIDA Gene SARS-CoV-2 real-time PCR kit (REF: PG6815), with the CFX96 Touch Real-Time PCR Detection System from Bio-Rad Laboratories (Hercules, USA).

R-Biopharm RIDA Xtract Kit used:

Lot number: QL200007 Expiry date: 2021-10

R-Biopharm RIDA Gene SARS-CoV-2 real-time PCR kit used:

Lot number: 26041Z Expiry date: 2023-01

5.2.3 Samples

The samples used have been collected as dry swabs and are stored at -20°C.

5.3 Study population

According to the Minimum criteria for Rapid SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Tests the following sample numbers must be tested:

Diagnostic sensitivity:

Parallel examination of diagnostic PCR tests and antigen tests in at least 100 persons with COVID-19 symptoms within seven days after onset of symptoms

Criterion antigen test: >80% of at least 100 unselected PCR-positive samples, positive in the SARS-CoV-2-rapid antigen test.

Diagnostic specificity:

Examinations of at least 100 asymptomatic persons without a concrete risk of exposure in the rapid SARS-CoV2 antigen test; clarification of any reactive samples by means of PCR Devices shall have a specificity of > 97 %.

Analytical specificity

- *Potentially cross-reactive markers:*

Examination of samples including those with a high concentration of related human coronaviruses

- *human coronavirus 229E*
- *human coronavirus OC43*
- *human coronavirus NL63*
- *MERS coronavirus*

- *Potentially interfering substances:*

Examinations should also be performed on pathogen-positive samples in which the pathogen can cause analogous symptoms (e.g. influenza A, B; RSV), or could interfere with the test principle (e.g. protein A-positive *Staphylococcus aureus* in the case of nasal swabs as sample matrix

- *influenza A*
- *influenza B*
- *RSV*

An analysis should be performed of the correlation between the antigen -positive/PCR-positive and the antigen-negative/PCR-negative samples with the Ct-values of the PCR. In addition, the PCR protocol should be described. The mean Ct-value should be determined for the antigen-positive samples. In another evaluation, the detection rate of the antigen test (e.g. detection rate >90%) should be observed in relation to the Ct-value. However, it should again be noted that the Ct-values vary between PCR tests in the case of a given concentration of the target RNA.

5.4 Test procedure

Throughout the evaluation, all samples swabs were extracted in the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test extraction buffer as described in the IFU of the rapid test. Three full drops of the treated sample (approximately 60-70 µL) were applied to the sample well of the test cassette. Results obtained with the rapid test device were visually read-out by two operators between 15 and 20 minutes after the sample had been applied onto the test cassette. Digital images were taken from used rapid test cassettes after visual read-out.

Total RNA was extracted from 400 µL of the remaining liquid using the R-Biopharm RIDA Xtract (REF: PGZ001), and analyzed with the R-Biopharm RIDA Gene SARS-CoV-2 real time PCR kit (REF:PG6815).

Real-time RT-PCR analysis was performed in singlicate analysis for all samples that were collected from infected donors and conducted using a CFX96 Touch Real-Time PCR Detection System from Bio-Rad Laboratories (Hercules, USA). The real-time RT-PCR results were obtained as Ct-values. Samples with a Ct-value of 36 (mean of the two replicates) or below were included in the calculation of the sensitivity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test.

6 Data management

Data management entails the planning for the creation, identification, verification, storage, transfer and archiving of data pertinent to the study, by means of the format of the study records, as well as associated responsibilities.

6.1 Data and results recording

The sample information and reference results of the samples will be recorded in the Study Record Forms (SRFs) in excel.

SRF completion:

- The sample ID recorded in the SRF must be exactly the same as the sample ID recorded by the instrument.
- Each item on the SRF must be completed
- No blanks can be left
- If an item is missing or not available, the entry shall be completed with 'NA'

Upon completion of the SRF, the study coordinator reviews the recorded data for completeness, accuracy and legibility.

To protect the subject or patient's privacy, no personal data shall appear anywhere on the SRF.

The data obtained with the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test will be recorded on a sample sheet and as digital images taken within the prescribed time frame. The results are transferred to the SRF.

The completed SRF with sample information and reference results will be made available upon finalization of the testing.

All data will be filed both as a hard copy and in electronic files by Biomex. Data will be stored for a time period as defined in the lab's QMS procedures but at least 5 years. All laboratory results are strictly confidential.

6.2 Data analysis

The following analyses will be performed:

The diagnostic sensitivity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test was calculated as the number of identified positive samples compared to the total number of positive samples tested in parallel on the reference RT-PCR-assay in correlation to the Ct-value.

The diagnostic specificity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test was calculated as the number of negative samples on the total number of negative samples tested with the RT-PCR-test.

The diagnostic sensitivities and specificities are reported together with a 2-sided 95% confidence interval.

7 Results

7.1 Definitions

True positive sample: sample that was determined positive both using the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test and by RT-PCR.

False positive sample: sample that was determined positive using the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test, but negative by RT-PCR.

True negative sample: sample that was determined negative both using the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test and by RT-PCR.

False negative sample: sample that was determined negative using the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test but positive by RT-PCR.

Specificity (%): $\# \text{ true negative samples} / (\# \text{ true negative samples} + \# \text{ false positive samples}) \times 100$

Sensitivity (%): $\# \text{ true positive samples} / (\# \text{ true positive samples} + \# \text{ false negative samples}) \times 100$

7.2 Diagnostic sensitivity

In total 188 swabs (126 nasal swabs and 62 throat swabs) from donors with known SARS-CoV-2 infection were tested with the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test.

Sex, age and symptoms of the donors as well as date of onset of symptoms were known. The date of infection was presumed from indications by the donor. Date of swab collections were documented (see annex “SRF Main Evaluation NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test”).

Analytical Results with correlation to Ct-values of the positive samples:

Ct-value	Number of Samples	Number of true positive Rapid Test Samples	Number of false negative Rapid Test Samples	Sensitivity of NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test (CI)
≤ 30	109	105	4	96.3 % (91-99%)
≤ 32	132	125	7	94.7 % (89-97%)
≤ 34	162	143	19	88.3 % (82-92%)
≤ 36	188	157	31	83.5 % (78-88%)

The correlation between the Ct-values of the analyzed samples and the sensitivity reveals a sensitivity of 94.7% for samples with a Ct-value of up to 32. Samples with a higher Ct-value in the real-time RT-PCR and consequently less viral RNA copies as well as viral antigen in the samples result in lower sensitivity values for the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test. This is in line with expectations regarding viral detection by antigen rapid testing compared to PCR analysis.

7.3 Diagnostic specificity

Samples included:

100 nasal swabs from healthy donors: Sex, age and date of sample collection were known (see annex “SRF Main Evaluation NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test_Annex_I”).

Analytical Results with correlation to Ct-values of the negative samples:

Number of Samples	Number of true neg. Rapid Test Samples	Number of false positive Rapid Test Samples	Sensitivity of NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test (CI)
100	100	0	100 % (96-100)

Diagnostic Specificity of NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test: 100% (100/100), Wilson 95% CI: 96-100%

Analytical Results (Total Accuracy) for all samples with PCR result either negative or positive with a Ct-value of ≤ 32 in this study:

		RT-PCR	
		positive	negative
NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test	positive	125	0
	negative	7	100

Total accuracy of NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test: 97.0% (225/232), Wilson 95% CI: 94-99%

Sensitivity of NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test (Ct ≤ 32): 94.7 % (125/132), CI: 89-97%

Specificity of NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test: 100 % (100/100), CI: 96-100%

7.4 Analytical specificity

Samples included:

The following heat inactivated viruses were purchased from ZeptoMetrix Corporation, 878 Main Street, Buffalo, NY 14202:

Virus	Strain	Lot #	Exp. Date	Titer (TCID ₅₀)
Coronavirus	229E	325111	24/09/2023	1,41 x 10 ⁵
Coronavirus	NL63	325222	15/10/2023	4,68 x 10 ⁴
Coronavirus	OC43	325491	16/11/2023	5,01 x 10 ⁵
MERS-CoV	Florida/USA-2_Saudi Arabia_2014	325281	20/10/2023	1,17 x 10 ⁵
RSV-A	2006 Isolate	324924	25/08/2023	5,01 x 10 ⁵
RSV-B	CH93-18(19)	325289	22/10/2023	1,55 x 10 ⁴
Influenza A	H1N1 New Caledonia	320943/522670	Man. 09/2018	1,15 x 10 ⁷
Influenza B	Yamagata/16/88	323828	25/02/2023	5,62 x 10 ⁴
Influenza B	Victoria/2/87	325078	23/09/2023	1,70 x 10 ⁵

The above listed samples were diluted with the extraction buffer provided in the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test.

Specimen	Dilution	Titer (TCID ₅₀)
Coronavirus 229E	1:10	1,41 x 10 ⁴
Coronavirus 229E	1:100	1,41 x 10 ³
Coronavirus 229E	1:1.000	1,41 x 10 ²
Coronavirus NL63	1:10	4,68 x 10 ³
Coronavirus NL63	1:100	4,68 x 10 ²
Coronavirus OC43	1:10	5,01 x 10 ⁴
Coronavirus OC43	1:100	5,01 x 10 ³
Coronavirus OC43	1:1.000	5,01 x 10 ²
MERS CoV Florida/USA-2_Saudi Arabia_2014	1:10	1,17 x 10 ⁴
MERS CoV Florida/USA-2_Saudi Arabia_2014	1:100	1,17 x 10 ³
MERS CoV Florida/USA-2_Saudi Arabia_2014	1:1.000	1,17 x 10 ²
RSV-A 2006 Isolate	1:10	5,01 x 10 ⁴
RSV-A 2006 Isolate	1:100	5,01 x 10 ³
RSV-A 2006 Isolate	1:1.000	5,01 x 10 ²
RSV-B CH93-18(19)	1:10	1,55 x 10 ³
RSV-B CH93-18(19)	1:100	1,55 x 10 ²
Influenza A H1N1 New Caledonia	1:10	1,15 x 10 ⁶
Influenza A H1N1 New Caledonia	1:100	1,15 x 10 ⁵
Influenza A H1N1 New Caledonia	1:1.000	1,15 x 10 ⁴
Influenza A H1N1 New Caledonia	1:10.000	1,15 x 10 ³
Influenza A H1N1 New Caledonia	1:100.000	1,15 x 10 ²
Influenza B Yamagata/16/88	1:10	5,62 x 10 ³
Influenza B Yamagata/16/88	1:100	5,62 x 10 ²
Influenza B Victoria/2/87	1:10	1,70 x 10 ⁴
Influenza B Victoria/2/87	1:100	1,70 x 10 ³
Influenza B Victoria/2/87	1:1.000	1,70 x 10 ²

The TCID₅₀ value is converted to plaque forming units by the equation $0.69 \text{ PFU} = 1 \text{ TCID}_{50}$. Example: a TCID₅₀ value of $1,15 \times 10^3$ corresponds to 794 PFU.

All dilutions were tested with the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test and found to be negative.

8 Conclusion

The specificity and sensitivity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test was evaluated in this study with 339 samples collected as anterior nasal swabs or throat swabs. All samples were tested in parallel with the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test and a real-time RT-PCR assay. Samples with a Ct-value at or below 36 were selected for the calculation of the sensitivity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test.

The specificity of the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test calculated from results of all samples was 100 %, the sensitivity calculated from results of samples with a Ct-value less than 32 (125 samples) was 94.7 % (95% CI: 89-97%). As expected, the sensitivity decreases by including samples with higher Ct-value. Thus, by including all samples with a Ct-value of or below 36 (188 samples) the sensitivity is calculated as 83.5 % (95% CI: 78-88 %).

In conclusion, the results from this study confirm that the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test can be used for the qualitative detection of antigen from SARS-CoV-2 in human anterior nasal swab and throat swab specimens.

No cross-reactivity was detected with various tested viruses in the NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test.

9 Bibliography

- Minimum criteria for SARS-CoV-2 antigen tests in the sense of §1 Abs. 1 Satz 1 TestVO: Antigen rapid tests" of the Paul-Ehrlich-Institut (PEI) dated 15.01.2020.

10 Annexes

Annex I	SRF Main Evaluation NanoRepro SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Rapid Test
Annex II	Pictures of positive samples
Annex III	Pictures of negative samples

11 Approval

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